

























### Objectives, methods & research interest

- Objective: apply a stakeholder driven holistic systems thinking approach for Austria, considering SDG13 [climate action], SDG8 [economic growth and decent work] & SDG1/10 [poverty/inequality]
- Methods: combine Communities of Practice (CoP), the quantitative system dynamics simulation model iSDG & the qualitative Inequality and Poverty Assessment Model (IPAM)
- Key research interest: identify commonalities and differences between stakeholder knowledge and model insights











### Detailed research objectives / proposed outcomes

- Provide a common system understanding and problem identification in reaching SDG1/10, SDG8 and SDG13 in an Austrian context among experts and stakeholders.
- 2. Develop a **future vision** with stakeholders What life do we want in 2050?
- 3. Develop transition pathways needed to achieve the future vision
- 4. Identification of policy recommendations to achieve the future vision

















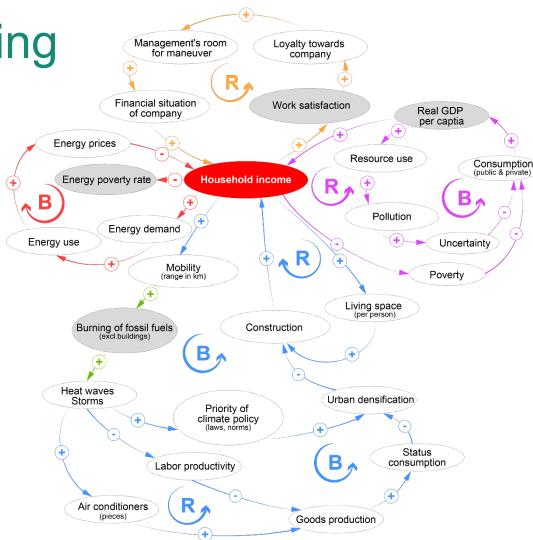




### (1) Common system understanding

- Elicited "mental models" of stakeholders in a workshop (and a follow-up webinar)
- 5 Causal Loop Diagrams CLDs (Energy poverty, Economic Growth, Job Satisfaction, 2x GHG emissions)
- Research team build one overarching CLD

https://sdg.visionpath.at/wp-content/uploads/01 CLD Gesamtbild.pdf













# (1) Main take-aways of stakeholders' mental models

- Synergies between energy poverty (SDG1/10), job satisfaction (SDG8) & real GDP/capita (SDG8)...
- ... but trade-offs between these SDGs and SDG 13 (climate action)
- Further: some indication of limits to growth





















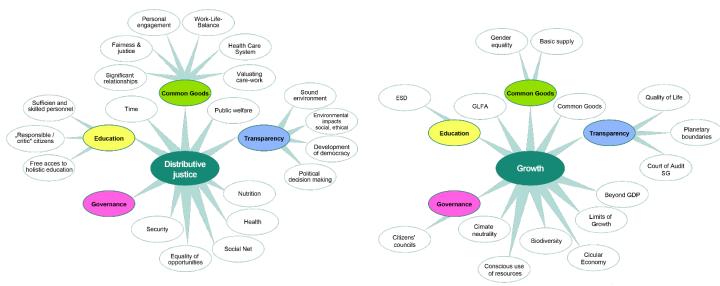


### (2) Future Vision

 Art based workshop speculative setting gamification - "the thing from the future" collage - "future panel"







- A future vision for a sustainable future ...
  - fulfills and considers the interactions of SDGs 1/10, 8 & 13
  - provides an adequate "work life balance" for everyone
  - ensures "gender equality"
  - preserves "biodiversity"
  - conserves "resources via a circular economy"
  - ensures that institutional measures are provided to support the transition, e.g. education, transparency, governance



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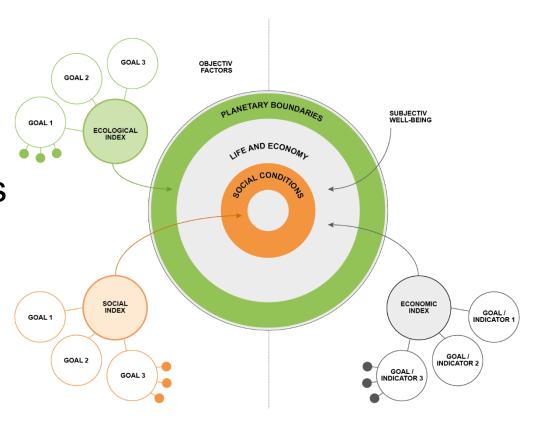




### (2) Future Vision

#### 12 indicators

- Derived from the future vision set by the stakeholders
- Checked & quantified by stakeholders (online survey)
- Next step: summarise to three indicators in a "doughnut" kind of approach.















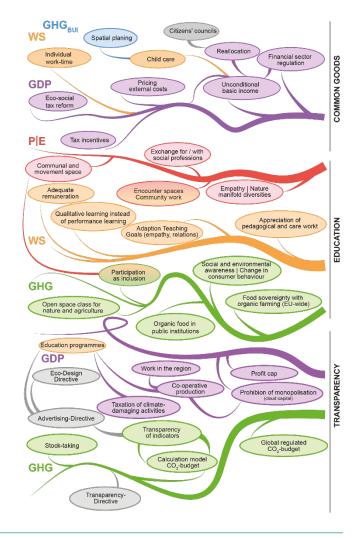


### (3) Transition pathways – qualitative

- Creating stories: focus on problems and obstacles
- Inverting stories: for positive imaginaries
- Assessment with IPAM: positive potentials and conflicts
- Timeline 2050: measures / instruments
- Next step: Stories finalized by project team











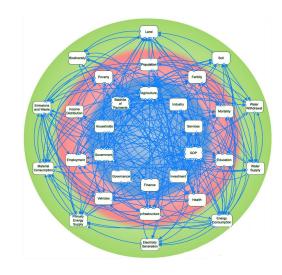




### (4) Transition pathways – quantitative

- The system-dynamic iSDG-AT model will be applied
  - A quantitative model to simulate policy impacts on SDG interaction

- Current status:
  - A baseline (WEM with existing measures) scenario has been finalized
  - A SDGVisionPath scenario is being implemented
    - Takes into account vision (indicator values) and qualitative transition pathways























### Further steps

- Finalize qualitative storylines
- Summarize indicators
- Finalize quantitative simulations
- Further IPAM interviews for identifying conflicts and positive potential
- Final and 4<sup>th</sup> workshop on policy recommendations
  - Highlighting commonalities and differences between stakeholder knowledge and models
  - Finding common ground & deriving policy recommendations

















### Challenges

- (continued) stakeholder participation uncertainty & risk!
- finding the ideal amount of "freedom" for stakeholders
- time constraints (too much and too little)













## Thank you!

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