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A Social, Technological and Economic Evaluation **START2030** of Austria's Renewable Electricity Transformation 2030

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- Project duration: 11/2020 10/2022

PROJECT OVERVIEW

- START2030 aims at providing comprehensive analyses of the economic incidence and social impacts of a transition to a 100% RES-E system in Austria by 2030
- Policy scenarios will be analysed to depict the broad range of effects of the transformation towards a 100% RES-E system

MOTIVATION

- In order to limit climate change to well below 2°C or even 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels as stated in the Paris Climate Agreement a fundamental decarbonisation is required
- Renewable energy sources and particularly electricity from renewable electricity sources (RES-E) – will play a key role in delivering the aspired emission reductions (together with efficiency improvements and changes in lifestyles)





- Bridging the gap to the 100% target* over the next years will still require *fundamental* changes in the Austrian electricity system, entailing considerable investment
- The economic and social impacts of these investments will be significant and might vary substantially depending on which technology mix will ultimately be implemented

*Control and balancing energy to stabilise grid operation are not included in the calculation of 100% renewable electricity supply

- The analysis will deliver insights on the emission impact, the macroeconomic and distributional effects of the transformation process as well as on the challenges for the electricity sector
- Policy recommendations on how to mitigate detrimental effects on vulnerable groups will be derived



RES-E development in Austria and target for 2030



Flow chart of the simulations with the combined model system



MODELLING APPROACH

Linking (top-down) macroeconomic model **DYNK** (Kirchner et al. 2019) and (bottom-up) partial model of electricity sector **ATLANTIS** (Stigler et al. 2016)

- Following Pan (2006), Köhler et al. (2006) and Pan and Köhler (2007)
- Extension of the approach by taking into account all economic feedback mechanisms
 - endogenous final demand
 - commodity price system



- labor market response etc.
- Execution of the linkage in both directions
- Data exchange until convergence is achieved

REFERENCES

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- Köhler J. et al. (2006). Combining Energy Technology Dynamics and Macroeconometrics: the E3MG Model, Energy Journal 27, 113–134.
- Pan H. (2006). Dynamic and Endogenous Change of Input-Output Structure with Specific Layers of Technology, Struct. Chang. Econ. Dyn.17, 200-223.
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- Stigler H. et al. (2016). ATLANTIS: techno-economic model of the European electricity sector. Central European Journal of Operations Research 24(4), 965–988

WP3. 100% RES-E Scenarios for Austria

 Analysis of status quo of RES-E in Austria ✓ Identification of RES-E potentials in Austria ✓ Definition of key parameters for RES-E scenarios ✓ • Finalisation of RES-E scenarios

WP4. Model Adjustment WP5. Model Linkage WP6. Model Simulations WP7. Discussion & Policy Recommendations





