

## 11/2021 https://transfair.wifo.ac.at/ claudia.Kettner@wifo.ac.at

# Socially Fair Options for a Climate Neutral Transformation of Housing and Mobility in Austria

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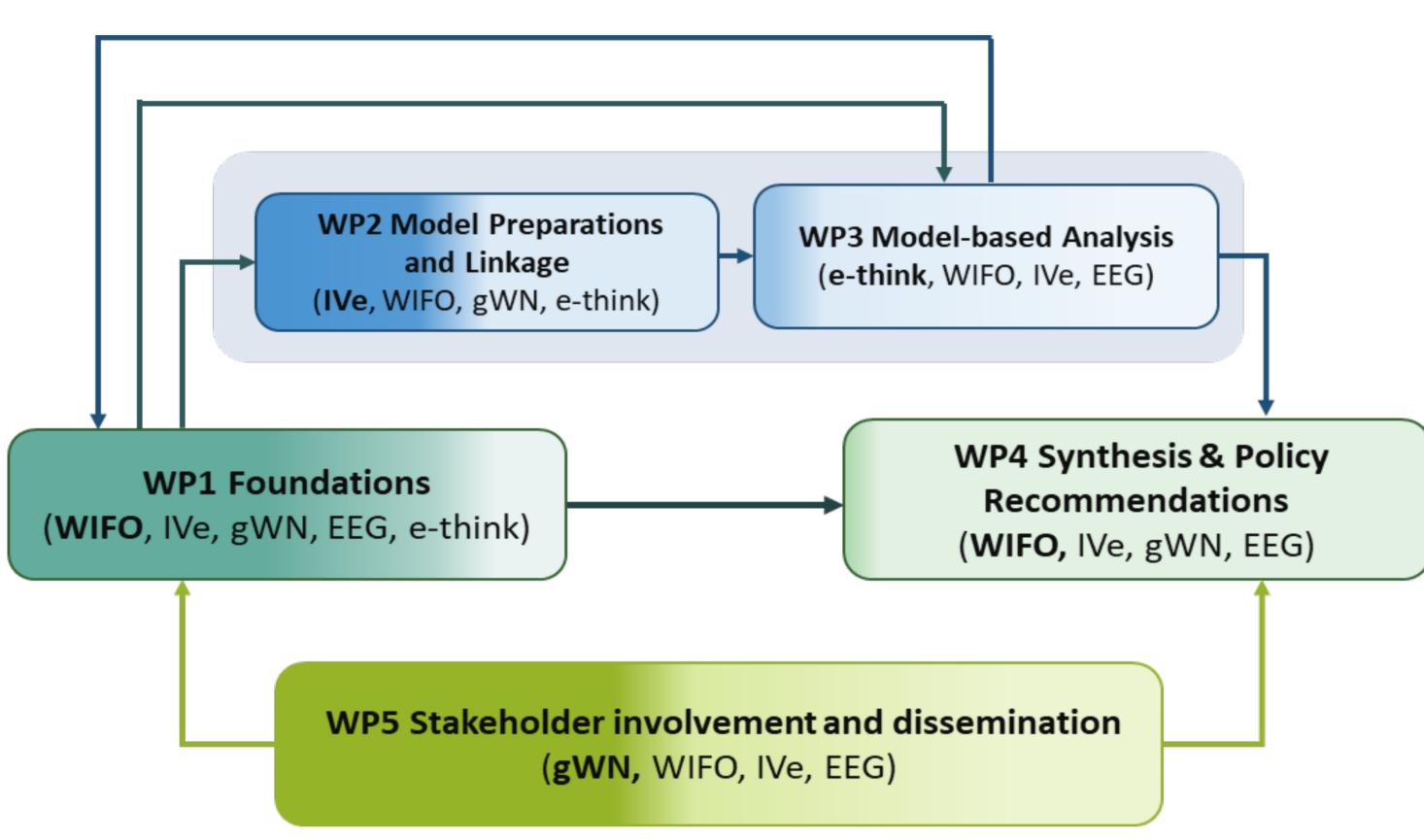
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#### MOTIVATION

The Austrian government strives for achieving greenhouse gas neutrality by 2040. The introduction of policy instruments to decarbonise housing and mobility will affect different household groups to a diverse extent depending on several (socio-economic) aspects.

The (presumed) regressivity of policy instruments (most notably fiscal measures) in the areas mobility and housing very often impedes an evidence-based discussion on the political level and is used as an argument against the implementation of respective measures, especially in times of low economic development as during the COVID-19 crisis or the current energy crisis.

#### PROJECT STRUCTURE AND PROGRESS



## **CURRENT ACTIVITIES**

## WP1 Foundations

Complete definition of household types and case studies

## **WP2 Model Preparations and Linkage**

- Finalisation of model linkage
- Test, refinement and validation of linkage

#### PROJECT OBJECTIVES

The overarching objectives of the project TransFair-AT are

- 1. to provide comprehensive and innovative model-based analyses of the economic incidence and social impacts of a complete decarbonisation of the sectors residential buildings<sup>1</sup> and passenger transport in Austria by 2040 and
- 2. to develop targeted compensation mechanisms to mitigate the burden of these climate policies for particularly vulnerable groups, while ensuring that these compensation mechanisms are consistent with full decarbonisation.

<sup>1</sup> Heat demand only, but including upstream emissions of district heat and power generation.

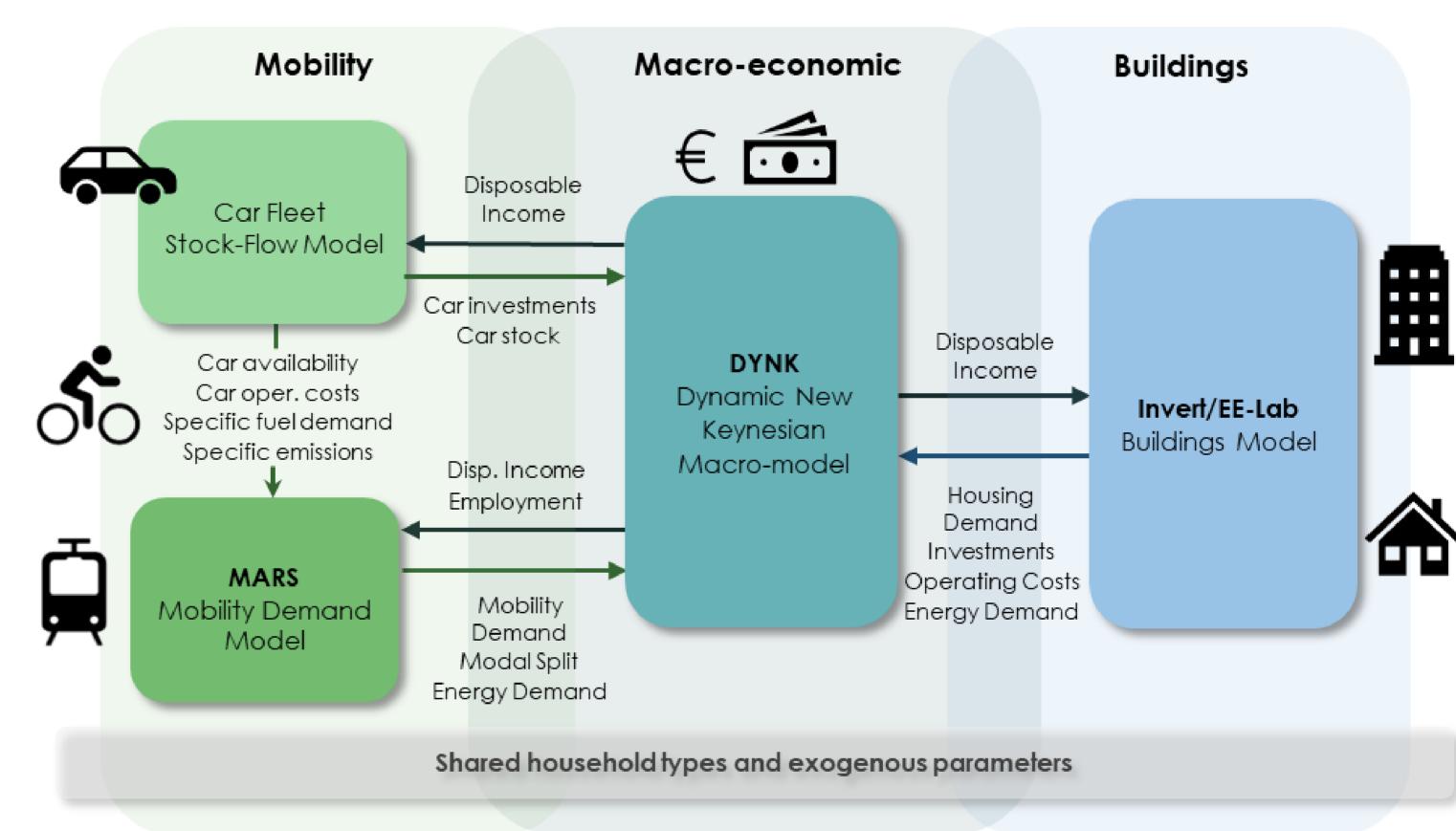
Close cooperation with

relevant stakeholders

## SUB-GOALS

- Iterative linking of the macroeconomic model DYNK with a vehicle choice model, the transport demand model MARS, and the building stock model Invert/EE-Lab to analyse the emission impact as well as the macroeconomic and distributional effects of the decarbonisation policy scenarios on different household types
- Definition of a joint household database for all models to translate the distributional effects amongst the different household groups
- Development of decarbonisation policy scenarios for the housing and mobility sectors to identify socially acceptable mitigation policy pathways
- Identification and development (and modelbased analysis) of compensation mechanisms to mitigate burdens of climate policies for particularly vulnerable groups

#### MODELLING APPROACH



Energy

Housing

Single-family/

multi-family

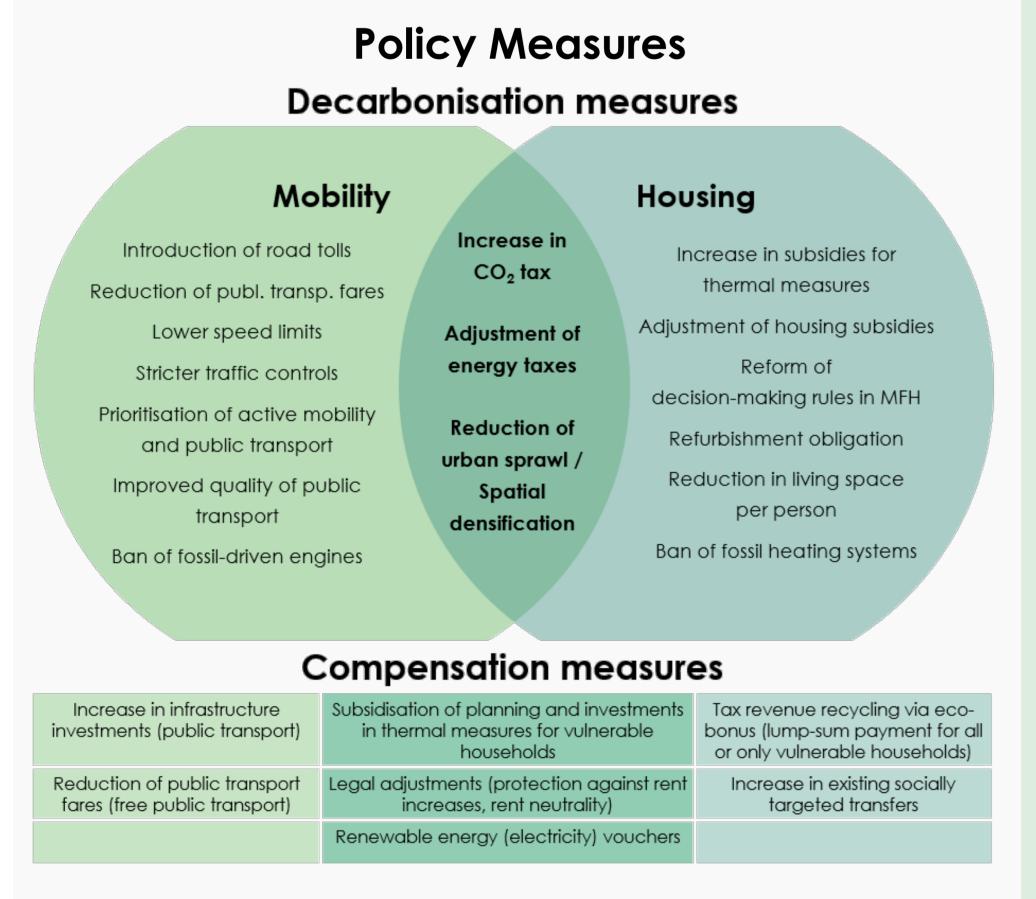
Rented flat

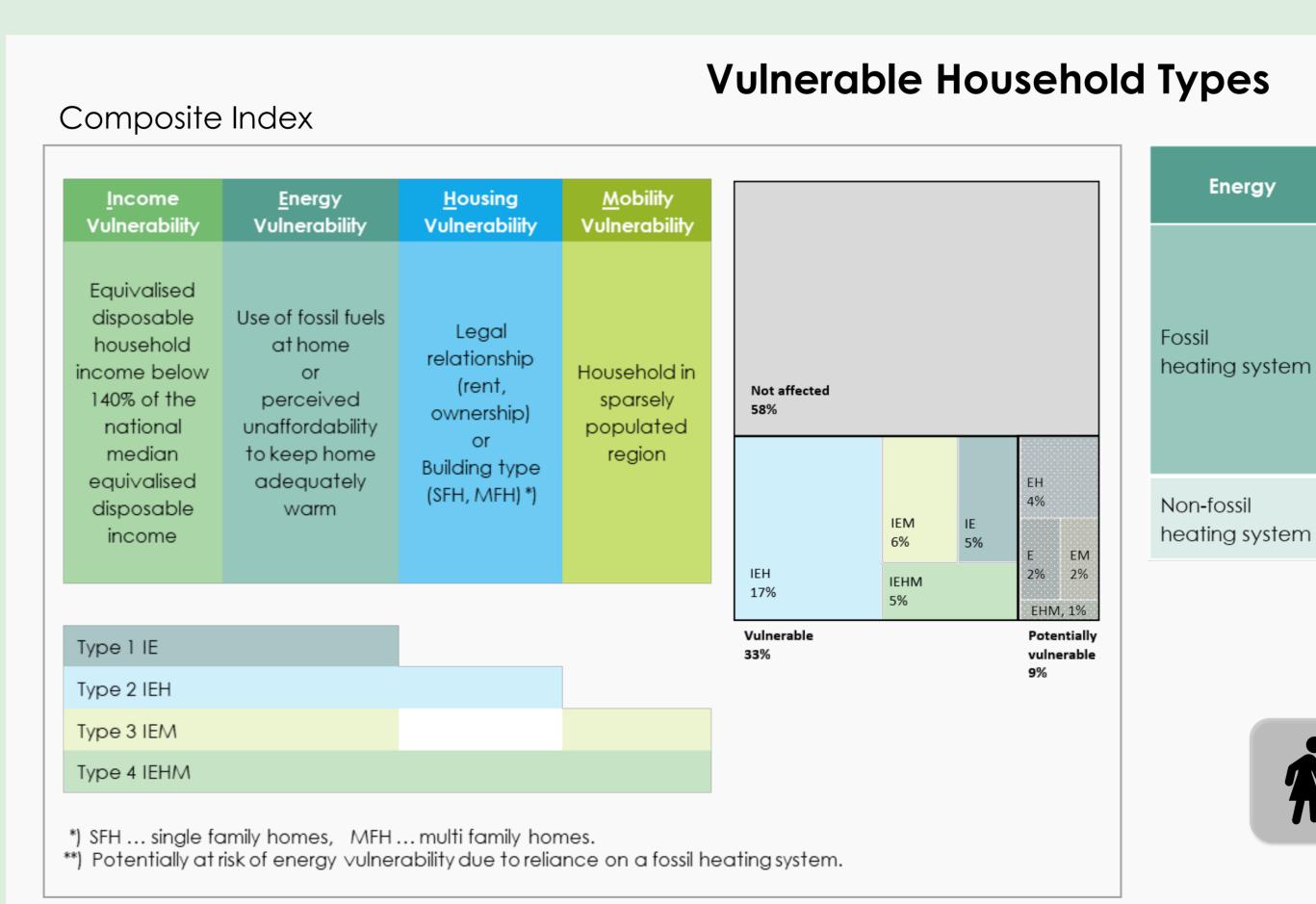
occupied flat

Owner-

house

## FIRST RESULTS





## PROJECT OUTPUTS

- J. Bock-Schappelwein, C. Kettner, 2023, TransFair-AT Research Brief #1: Households vulnerable to rising energy prices.
- J. Bock-Schappelwein, C. Kettner, 2022, Steigende Preise für fossile Brennstoffe: Was zeichnet betroffene Haushalte aus?, 5th ESPANET AUSTRIA Konferenz, Vienna
- P. Pfaffenbichler, Social impacts of decarbonising the Austrian passenger transport system, European Transport Conference, Milan, 6-8 Sept. 2023













## Complementary ACRP projects

NetZero2040 SectorCoup **INTEGRATE** 





Household Types in Modelling

Mobility

Peripheral

Peripheral

Peripheral

Peripheral

Non peripheral

Non peripheral

Non peripheral

Non peripheral

Income

Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q5

Case Studies



